## Solutions of autochecker for chinese

### How to use:

- run in the terminal : python Autochecker4Chinese.py
- You will get the following result :

```
zpGao:Chinese_Spell_Autochecker gaozhipeng$ python Autochecker4Chinese.py
Test case 1:
Building prefix dict from the default dictionary ...
Loading model from cache /var/folders/sg/nssf4q_15dj27tqn810xjh6w0000gn/T/jieba.cache
Loading model cost 0.409 seconds.
Prefix dict has been built succesfully.
机七 机器
领遇 领域
分知 分枝
original sentence:机七学习是人工智能领遇最能体现智能的一个分知!
==>
corrected sentence:机器学习是人工智能领域最能体现智能的一个分枝!
Test case 2:
杭洲 杭州
锈丽 秀丽
天棠 天堂
original sentence:杭洲是中国的八大古都之一,因风景锈丽,享有"人间天棠"的美誉!
==>
corrected sentence:杭州是中国的八大古都之一,因风景秀丽,享有"人间天棠"的美誉!
zpGao:Chinese_Spell_Autochecker gaozhipeng$
```

## 1. Make a detecter

- Construct a dict to detect the misspelled chinese phrase, key is the chinese phrase, value is its corresponding frequency appeared in corpus.
- You can finish this step by collecting corpus from the internet, or you can choose a more easy way, load some dicts already created by others. Here we choose the second way, construct the dict from file.
- The detecter works in this way: for any phrase not appeared in this dict, the detecter will detect it as a mis-spelled phrase.

```
def construct_dict( file_path ):
    word_freq = {}
    with open(file_path, "r") as f:
        for line in f:
            info = line.split()
            word = info[0]
            frequency = info[1]
            word_freq[word] = frequency
    return word_freq
```

```
FILE_PATH = "./token_freq_pos%40350k_jieba.txt"
phrase_freq = construct_dict( FILE_PATH )
```

```
print( type(phrase_freq) )
print( len(phrase_freq) )
```

```
<type 'dict'> 349045
```

### 2. Make an autocorrecter

- Make an autocorrecter for the misspelled phrase, we use the edit distance to make a correct-candidate list for the mis-spelled phrase
- We sort the correct-candidate list according to the likelyhood of being the correct phrase, based on the following rules:
  - If the candidate's pinyin matches exactly with misspelled phrase's pinyin, we put the candidate in first order, which means they are the most likely phrase to be selected.
  - Else if candidate first word's pinyin matches with misspelled phrase's first word's pinyin, we put the candidate in second order.
  - Otherwise, we put the candidate in third order.

```
import pinyin
```

```
# list for chinese words
# read from the words.dic
def load_cn_words_dict( file_path ):
    cn_words_dict = ""
    with open(file_path, "r") as f:
        for word in f:
            cn_words_dict += word.strip().decode("utf-8")
    return cn_words_dict
```

```
# function calculate the edite distance from the chinese phrase
def edits1(phrase, cn_words_dict):
    "All edits that are one edit away from `phrase`."
   phrase = phrase.decode("utf-8")
             = [(phrase[:i], phrase[i:]) for i in range(len(phrase) + 1)]
    splits
             = [L + R[1:]]
                                           for L, R in splits if R]
    deletes
   transposes = [L + R[1] + R[0] + R[2:] for L, R in splits if len(R)>1
                                          for L, R in splits if R for c in cn wo
    replaces = [L + c + R[1:]]
rds_dict]
    inserts
             = [L + c + R
                                           for L, R in splits for c in cn_words_d
ictl
   return set(deletes + transposes + replaces + inserts)
```

```
# return the phrease exist in phrase_freq
def known(phrases): return set(phrase for phrase in phrases if phrase.encode("utf-
8") in phrase_freq)
```

```
# get the candidates phrase of the error phrase
# we sort the candidates phrase's importance according to their pinyin
# if the candidate phrase's pinyin exactly matches with the error phrase, we put t
hem into first order
# if the candidate phrase's first word pinyin matches with the error phrase first
word, we put them into second order
# else we put candidate phrase into the third order
def get_candidates( error_phrase ):
    candidates_1st_order = []
    candidates 2nd order = []
    candidates_3nd_order = []
    error_pinyin = pinyin.get(error_phrase, format="strip", delimiter="/").encode(
"utf-8")
    cn words dict = load cn words dict( "./cn dict.txt" )
    candidate_phrases = list( known(edits1(error_phrase, cn_words_dict)) )
    for candidate phrase in candidate phrases:
        candidate_pinyin = pinyin.get(candidate_phrase, format="strip", delimiter=
"/").encode("utf-8")
        if candidate pinyin == error pinyin:
            candidates_1st_order.append(candidate_phrase)
        elif candidate_pinyin.split("/")[0] == error_pinyin.split("/")[0]:
            candidates_2nd_order.append(candidate_phrase)
        else:
            candidates_3nd_order.append(candidate_phrase)
    return candidates_1st_order, candidates_2nd_order, candidates_3nd_order
```

```
def auto_correct( error_phrase ):
    c1_order, c2_order, c3_order = get_candidates(error_phrase)
    # print c1_order, c2_order, c3_order
    if c1_order:
        return max(c1_order, key=phrase_freq.get )
    elif c2_order:
        return max(c2_order, key=phrase_freq.get )
    else:
        return max(c3_order, key=phrase_freq.get )
```

```
# test for the auto_correct
error_phrase_1 = "呕涂" # should be "呕吐"
error_phrase_2 = "东方之朱" # should be "东方之珠"
error_phrase_3 = "沙拢" # should be "沙龙"

print error_phrase_1, auto_correct( error_phrase_1 )
print error_phrase_2, auto_correct( error_phrase_2 )
print error_phrase_3, auto_correct( error_phrase_3 )
```

```
呕涂 呕吐
东方之朱 东方之珠
沙拢 沙龙
```

# 3. Correct the misspelled phrase in a sentance

- For any given sentence, use jieba do the segmentation,
- Get segment list after segmentation is done, check if the remain phrase exists in word\_freq dict, if not, then it is a misspelled phrase
- Use auto\_correct function to correct the misspelled phrase
- · Output the correct sentence

```
import jieba
import string
import re
```

```
PUNCTUATION_LIST = string.punctuation
PUNCTUATION_LIST += ", ?:; {} [] '"" \langle \rangle /! %..... () "
```

```
def auto correct sentence( error sentence, verbose=True):
    jieba_cut = jieba.cut(err_test.decode("utf-8"), cut_all=False)
    seg_list = "\t".join(jieba_cut).split("\t")
    correct_sentence = ""
    for phrase in seg list:
        correct_phrase = phrase
        # check if item is a punctuation
        if phrase not in PUNCTUATION_LIST.decode("utf-8"):
            # check if the phrase in our dict, if not then it is a misspelled phra
se
            if phrase.encode("utf-8") not in phrase_freq.keys():
                correct_phrase = auto_correct(phrase.encode("utf-8"))
                if verbose :
                    print phrase, correct_phrase
        correct_sentence += correct_phrase
    if verbose:
        print correct_sentence
    return correct_sentence
```

```
err_sent = '机七学习是人工智能领遇最能体现智能的一个分知! '
correct_sent = auto_correct_sentence( err_sent )
```

```
机七 机器
领遇 领域
分知 分枝
机器学习是人工智能领域最能体现智能的一个分枝!
```

```
print correct_sent
```

机器学习是人工智能领域最能体现智能的一个分枝!